Ultra-stable, high precision (ppm class) fluxgate technology DS Series current transducer for non-intrusive, isolated DC and AC current measurement up to 1300A







#### **Features**

Linearity error maximum 1 ppm

Single Supply 15V

Industry standard DSUB 9 pin connection

Green diode for normal operation indication

Full aluminum body for superior EMI shielding and extended operating temperature range

Large aperture \$27.6mm for cables and bus bars

#### **Applications:**

MPS for particles accelerators

Gradient amplifiers for MRI devices

Stable power supplies

Precision drives

Batteries testing and evaluation systems

Power measurement and power analysis

Current calibration purposes

Specification highlights	Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур	Max
Nominal primary AC current	I <sub>PN</sub> AC	Arms			600
Nominal primary DC current	I <sub>PN</sub> DC	А	-900		900
Measuring range	Î <sub>PM</sub>	А	-1300		1300
Primary / secondary ratio	n1: n2		1:1500		1:1500
Linearity error	٤	ppm	-1		1
Offset current (including earth field)	I <sub>OE</sub>	ppm	-10		10
DC-10Hz Overall accuracy @25°C (= E <sub>L</sub> + I <sub>OE</sub> )	acc8	ppm	-11		11
AC Maximum gain error 10Hz to 2kHz	εG	%			±0.07
Operating temperature range	Та	${\mathfrak C}$	0		0
Power supply voltages	Uc	V	14		16

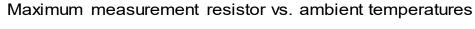
All ppm (or %) values refer to nominal current

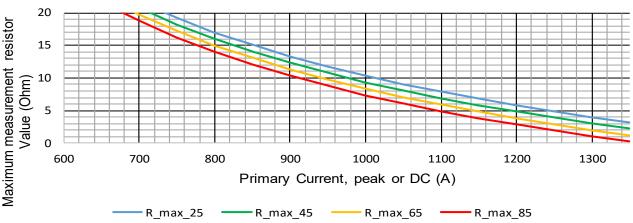


### Electrical specifications at Ta=23°C, supply voltage = +15V unless otherwise stated

Parameter		Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур.	Max	Comment
Nominal primary AC c	urrent	I <sub>PN</sub> AC	Arms			600	Refer to fig. 1 & 2 for derating
Nominal primary DC	current	I <sub>PN</sub> DC	Α	-900		900	Refer to fig. 1 for derating
Measuring range		I <sub>PM</sub>	Α	-1300		1300	Refer to fig. 1 & 2 for derating
Overload capacity		Î <sub>OL</sub>	Α			4500	Non-measured, 100ms
Nominal secondary cu	urrent	I <sub>SN</sub>	mA	-400		400	At nominal primary DC current
Primary / secondary ra	atio			1:1500		1:1500	
Measuring resistance		R <sub>M</sub>	Ω	0		3	Refer to fig. 1 for details
Linaarityarrar		<u> </u>	ppm	-1		1	ppm refers to nominal current
Linearity error		$\epsilon_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$	μΑ	-0.4		0.4	μA refers to secondary current
Offset current		I <sub>OE</sub>	ppm	-10		10	ppm refers to nominal current
(including earth field)		•OE	μΑ	-4		4	μA refers to secondary current
DC-10Hz Overall accu + IOE )	ıracy @25°C (= EL	acc8	ppm	-11		11	ppm refers to nominal DC current
Offset temperature		TC <sub>IOE</sub>	ppm/K	-0.1		0.1	ppm refers to nominal current
coefficient		I O IOE	μA/K	-0.04		0.04	μA refers to secondary current
Bandwidth		f(-3dB)	kHz	300			Small signal, graphs figure 3
Amplitude error	10Hz-2kHz					0.01%	
	2kHz-10kHz	εG	%			0.20%	% refers to nominal current
DI 1:0	10kHz - 100kHz					2.50%	
Phase shift	10Hz – 2kHz	0	o			0.03° 0.04°	
	2kHz -10kHz 10kHz - 100kHz	θ	Ů			1.00°	
Response time to a s		tr @ 90%	μs		1	1.00	di/dt = 100A/µs
Noise	0 - 100Hz	@			•	0.004	ui/ut 100/Vpc
	0 - 1kHz					0.02	<b>l</b>
	0 - 10kHz	noise	ppm rms			0.2	Measured on secondary current
	0 - 100kHz					0.7	
Fluxgate excitation free	quency	f <sub>Exc</sub>	kHz		32.5		
Induced rms voltage o	on primary conductor		μV rms			5	
Power supply voltages	S	Uc	V	14		16	Single Supply
Current consumption		lps	mA	305	315	325	Add  ls*1.7
Operating temperature	e range	Та	°C	-40		55	
Stability							
Offset stability over			ppm /	-0.1		0.1	ppm refers to nominal current
time			month	-0.04		-0.04	μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with ver magnetic field	tical external		μA /mT		0.2	0.8	(perpendicular to bus bar) μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with ho magnetic field	rizontal external		μA /mT		0.8	2	(parallel to bus bar) μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with por changes	wer supply voltage		μΑ /V		0.004	0.04	μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with ab	solute power supply		μA /V		0.012	0.04	μA refers to secondary current

### Measurement resistor RM and ambient temperature derating (Fig. 1)





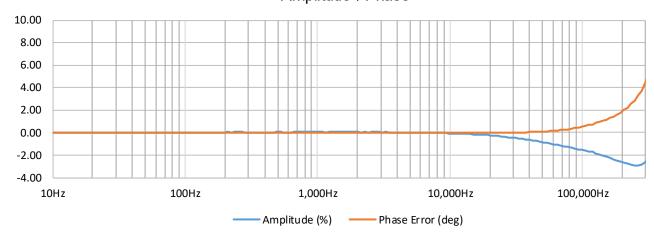
### Frequency and ambient temperature derating (Fig. 2)





### Frequency characteristics (Fig. 3)

### Amplitude / Phase



# **Isolation specifications**

Parameter	Unit	Value
Clearance	mm	9
Creepage distance	mm	10
Comparative tracking index (CTI)	٧	> 600
Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min - Between primary and (secondary and shield) - Between secondary and shield	kV	5.7 0.2
Impulse withstand voltage (1.2/50µs)	kV	10.4
Rated rms isolation voltage reinforced isolation, overvoltage category III, Pollution degree 2 according to - IEC 61010-1 - EN50780	V	300 600

## **Absolute maximum ratings**

Parameter	Unit	Max	Comment
Primary	kA	4.5	Maximum 100ms
Power supply	V	±16.5	

### **Environmental and mechanical characteristics**

Parameter	Unit	Min	Тур	Max	Comment	
Ambient operating temperature range	°C	-40		85		
Storage temperature range	°C	-40		85		
Relative humidity	%	20		80	Non-condensing	
Mass	kg		0.6			
Connections	Power supplies: D-SUB 9 pins male					
Standards	EN 61326-1 EMC EN 61010-1:2010 Safety					



#### Advanced Sensor Protection Circuits "ASPC"

Developed to protect the current transducer from typical fault conditions:

- Unit is un-powered and secondary circuit is open or closed
- Unit is powered and secondary circuit is open or interrupted

Both DC and AC primary current up to 100% of nominal value can be applied to the current transducers in the above situations without damage to the electronics.

Please notice that the sensor core can be magnetized in all above cases, leading to a small change in output offset current (less than 10ppm)

### Status pins

When transducer is operating in normal condition, the status pins (3 and 8) are shorted.

Status pins properties: - forward direction pin 8 to pin 3, maximum forward current 10mA

- maximum forward voltage 60V, maximum reverse voltage 5V

#### Accessories

4-channel power supplies unit for connection up to 4xDL2000 : DSSIU-4
 6-channel power supplies unit for connection up to 6xDL2000 : DSSIU-6

Transducer cables in 5 lengths (2m - 5m - 10m - 15m - 20m):
 DSUB2 - DSUB5 - DSUB10 - DSUB15 -

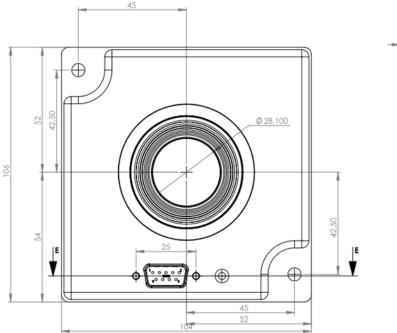
DSUB20

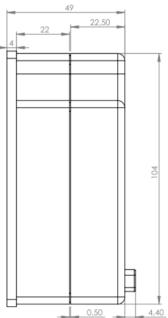
Transducer cable 3m for connection to end-user's power supply:

(with access to current output via φ4 banana jacks)

Transducer cable for lab PS

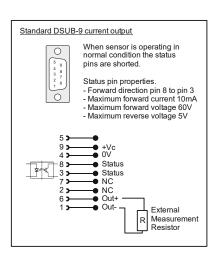
Please visit Danisense homepage for relevant datasheets





(general tolerance 0.3mm unless otherwise statd)

### **DSUB** pin layout



### **Positive current direction**

Is identified by an arrow on the transducer body